

Systems for stepless tolerance compensation

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From A to Z we are the partner for your projects – from first concept to completion. Our dialogue with you is a thread throughout our working process. Thanks to smart innovation management and focused on realisation of your requirements, we develop tailor-made joint solutions right along your supply chain.

Get to know us personally and find out about the difference cooperation with us can make!

In today's technology-oriented industry, time is becoming ever more important.

Wherever there is mass production, cycle times across the entire process chain must be kept short and thus economical. Optimised assembly processes are the key to efficient production.

The automotive industry is a very good example to illustrate the growing complexity of assembly processes.

Subcontractors provide pre-prepared modules and the automobile manufacturing plant then only has to carry out the final assembly. In "modular construction", standardised parts are assembled to complete systems (modular design principle).

In the respective development process, appropriate tolerances have to be defined to ease volume production. Manufacturers' and customers' high demands on reliable functions and first-run quality, such as small gap widths and require economical assembly solutions to compensate tolerances.

The automatic tolerance compensation system FLEXITOL® is a technically and economically optimised solution. Making tolerance compensation quick and easy.

#### **Benefits**

- Compensation of wide tolerances
- High performance reliability
- Access from one side only
- Easily integrates into a variety of applications
- High end product quality
- Fast and easy installation



Complex adjustment processes during assembly are time-consuming and thus generate high costs.

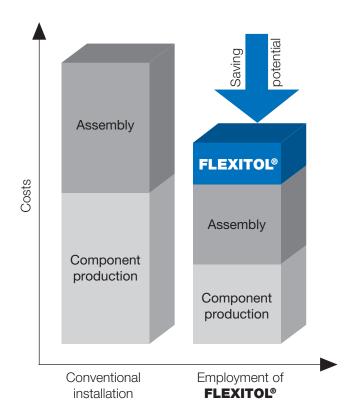
Small tolerances require precision and, in consequence, more expensive production methods. Reject rates and quality assurance costs also increase.

#### In practise:

- Joining tolerances required for quick assembly
- Individual tolerances stack up to become tolerance chains
- Component stress is avoided
- Allows for designs with redundant geometry
- Easy adjustment processes produce precise gap widths

# **FLEXITOL®** – an efficient tolerance compensation system saving time and money.

The use of FLEXITOL® systems allows wider production tolerances so that production costs can be reduced.



### **FLEXITOL®** technology

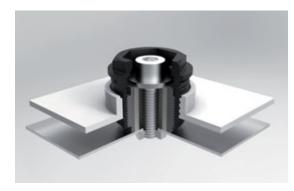
Today we have manual and automatic tolerance compensation systems. Use of one or other depends on the field of application. When positioning a component in an assembly without any auxiliaries, then manual solutions are considered most appropriate. For a component spacing predefined by a preceding step, then we would rather recommend automatic solutions.

However, manual and automatic tolerance compensation systems may also be combined.

#### Let us compare the two systems:

#### Manual tolerance compensation

The tolerance compensation system is screwed into the receiving parts to a defined position. During screwing-in, the component tolerances can be compensated (Zero tolerance at delivery of the component). Further alignment is possible during installation. The adjusted position is maintained when the joint is loosened.



#### **Automatic tolerance compensation**

Two components are aligned toward each other/positioned.

During screwing, the spacing between both components is automatically adjusted.

The tolerance compensation system fixes the originally aligned position.

If the joint is loosened, the system resumes the initial position.



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**Receiving part:** Component in which the tolerance compensation system is installed.

**Mounting part:** Component screw fastened to the receiving part with tolerance compensation system.

**Basic element:** This system component is the basis of tolerance compensation.

Usually, it is fixed and so provides a fastening thread.

Adjustment element: This element is screwed into the basic element and provides the required adjustment

for tolerance compensation.

**Adjustment thread:** Joins basic element and adjustment element.

**Friction element:** Upon automatic tolerance compensation, it reacts to a defined torque from the screw

to drive the adjustment element.

# Manual tolerance compensation system



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#### **General functional principle**

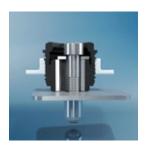


The FLEXITOL® system (see figures) is supplied with a patented Böllhoff K' in K' thread.\* This K' in K' thread is characterised by a unique thread profile.

The different system variants are self-locking, self-tapping, self-forming, adjustable and tolerance compensating and are directly screwed into a plastic component. Component tolerances can be compensated by varying the screw-in depth.



After screwing-in, alignment to the second component is achieved.

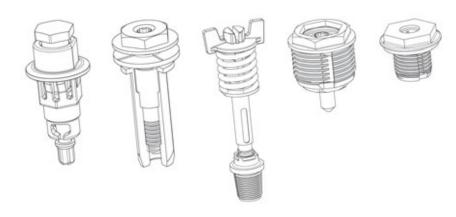


Prior to tightening the screw, radial tolerance compensation is also possible.

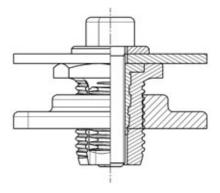


After the screw has been tightened with the torque, axial tolerance compensation is achieved.

#### **Examples of manual tolerance compensation systems**



<sup>\*</sup> The version with K' in K' thread is only one of many manual tolerance compensation systems.







# FLEXITOL® K'in K' example of the banjo screw

For "banjo screws", the function of the K' in K' thread is extremely important.

The K' in K' thread creates its mounting thread into the existing plastic bore hole. Due to a resistance effect, the banjo screw can then only be screwed further in or out with a higher torque. We can offer different variants according to your requirements.

#### **Examples of banjo screws**



Through hole and internal drive



Metal insert for M 6 thread with external and internal drive





Metal insert for M 6 thread and additional adapter for adjustment later



Bolt thread and seal



Bolt thread and locking device



Metal insert and through hole for three-dimensional tolerance compensation

# Automatic tolerance compensation system



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## **General functional principle**



Installation and riveting of the basic element (RIVKLE® blind rivet nut) into the receiving part.



Screwing-in of the compensating element into the adjustment thread.



Alignment of the mounting part.



Upon screwing-in, the compensating element screws out and compensates eliminates the gap between the components. The aligned position is thus fixed.

## **Examples of automatic tolerance compensation systems**

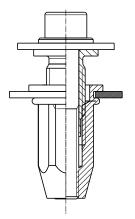












#### FLEXITOL® metal

FLEXITOL® metal was the first tolerance compensation system developed by Böllhoff.

This two-component system is entirely made of metal and therefore highly wearresistant. Due to the small space required for installation in the separation gap, this solution may easily be integrated and even retrofitted into an existing installation space.

#### Adjustment element

- Integrated friction
- Highly wear-resistant metal adjustment element

#### Fastening element

- Compact system
- Blind rivet nut available in different designs
- Easy installation using proven blind riveting technology



Standard program (excerpt) and technical data				
Item code	0031 910 0011	0031 910 0011	2641 008 0001	2721 008 0054
	+ 2339 106 0843	+ 2631 006 0001	+ 2631 008 0003	+ 2631 008 0003
Version	Blind rivet nut	Blind rivet nut	Blind rivet nut	Blind rivet nut
Fastening thread	M 6	M 6	M 8	M 8
Inserted height	3.0 mm	3.0 mm	4.0 mm	5.3 mm
Compensation distance	10 mm - e	10 mm - e	11 mm - e	11 mm - e
Clamp area	2 – 3 mm (plastic)	0.5 – 3 mm (metal)	0.5 – 3 mm	0.5 – 3 mm
Head diameter	A/F 17	A/F 17	A/F 20	26 mm

e = material thickness receiving part

Do you need a different size or variant? Do not hesitate to contact us.

### FLEXITOL® metal

## Machine setting tool with hydraulic-pneumatic drive

#### **Function**:

Automatic touch on the mandrel to spin on the blind rivet nut.

Force-controlled riveting is a hydraulic-pneumatic process.

When the button is pushed, setting starts and is completed after removal

The stroke can be limited by means of an adjusting collar.

#### Use:

Medium and large production runs

#### Technical data:

Basic tool P2007 Left hand

- Item code: 2661 560 1002/10
- Capacity: up to 15 pieces/min.
- Weight: 2.7 kg
- Max. setting force: 21,000 N at 5.5 7 bar
- Range of use: FLEXITOL® M 6

#### Basic tool P3007 Left hand

- Item code: 2799 000 0094/10
- Capacity: up to 15 pieces/min.
- Weight: 3.4 kg
- Max. setting force: 40,000 N bei 5.5 7 bar
- Range of use: FLEXITOL® M 8



	FLEXITOL® M 6	FLEXITOL® M 8
Basic tool	2661 560 1002/10	2799 000 0094/10
Mandrel	2719 100 1005/10	2799 000 0095/10
Nosepiece	2719 100 1006/10	2361 591 2030/00
Screw-in tool for adjustment element	2799 060 1024/10	2799 080 1025/10

# FLEXITOL® metal Screw-in tool for adjustment element

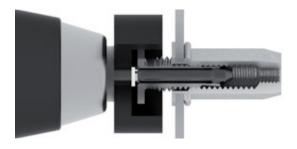


 The tool consists of a bubble cap and a mandrel and can be inserted using a commercially available cordless screwdriver.

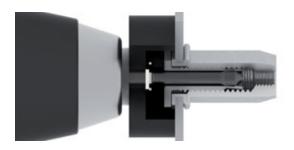


2. The adjustment element is plugged onto the tool.

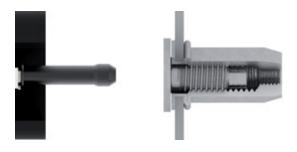
During this step, the friction elements are calibrated so that the friction torque range is reduced.



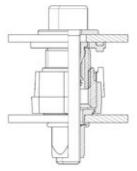
3. During screwing into the basic element, the adjustment element is driven by friction.



4. During screwing-in, the bubble cap touches the receiving part. The mandrel is withdrawn from the friction element.



5. Thanks to the geometry, after screwing, the adjustment element is completely screwed in and not locked to the basic element.



Blind rivet nut solution

## **FLEXITOL®** hybrid

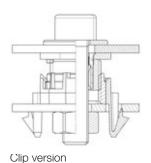
The FLEXITOL® hybrid is a multi-component system primarily designed for use in large-scale production. Due to its modular design, different inserted heights and tolerance compensation measures may easily be implemented.

To ensure force transmission is as high as possible, the force-transmitting components in this hybrid solution (plastics/metal) are made of metal. They are enclosed by a plastic nut cage.

Upon delivery, the system is pre-assembled and, arranged like that, can be installed into the receiving part with a setting tool.

The integrated blind rivet nut is already provided as fastening thread.

Alternative connections such as clip solutions are also available.





Standard program (excerpt) and technical data			
Item code	2707 008 0065	2707 008 0080	2707 008 0078
Version	Blind rivet nut	Clips	Clips
Fastening thread	M 8	M 8	M 8
Inserted height	18.0 mm	12.0 mm	16.0 mm
Compensation distance	10 mm	6.5 mm	8 mm
Material thickness	0.5 – 3 mm	2 – 3 mm	1 – 2.5 mm
Head diameter	25 mm	22 mm	33 mm

Do you need a different size or variant? Do not hesitate to contact us.

Bayonet-Variant

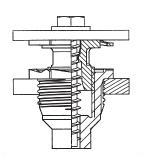
FLEXITOL® plastic

The FLEXITOL® plastic consists of a plastic adjustment element and a plastic fastening element and is supplied as a pre-assembled assembly.

This assembly should be screwed into the mounting hole in the plastic receiving part.

A bayonet variant offers another way to attach the basic element. The FLEXITOL® plastic is then inserted into a keyhole-shaped receiving opening and locked with a quarter turn. The subsequent installation is the same as for the self-tapping variant.

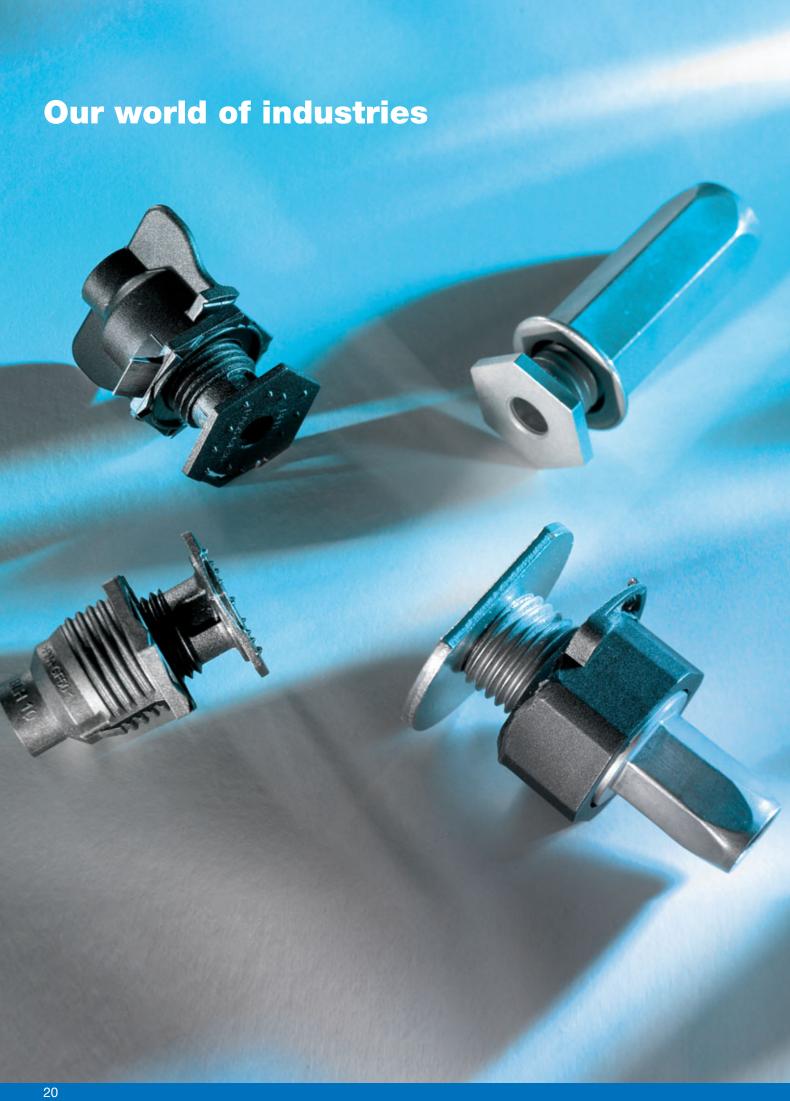
Depending on the version, a self-tapping metal screw or a metric screw can be used as fastening screw.





Standard program (excerpt) and technical data				
Item code	2704 050 1001	2705 050 1021	2705 060 0104	2705 006 0057
Version	K' in K'	Bayonet	Bayonet	K' in K'
Fastening thread	self-tapping d = 5 mm	self-tapping d = 5 mm	M 6	M 6
Inserted height	4.0 mm	4.0 mm	5.5 mm	5.5 mm
Compensation distance	6 mm	6,0 mm	6.0 mm	6.0 mm
Material thickness	min. 4 mm	1,5 – 1,8 mm	3 mm	min. 5 mm
Head diameter	A/F 19 mm	A/F 19 mm	18 mm	18 mm

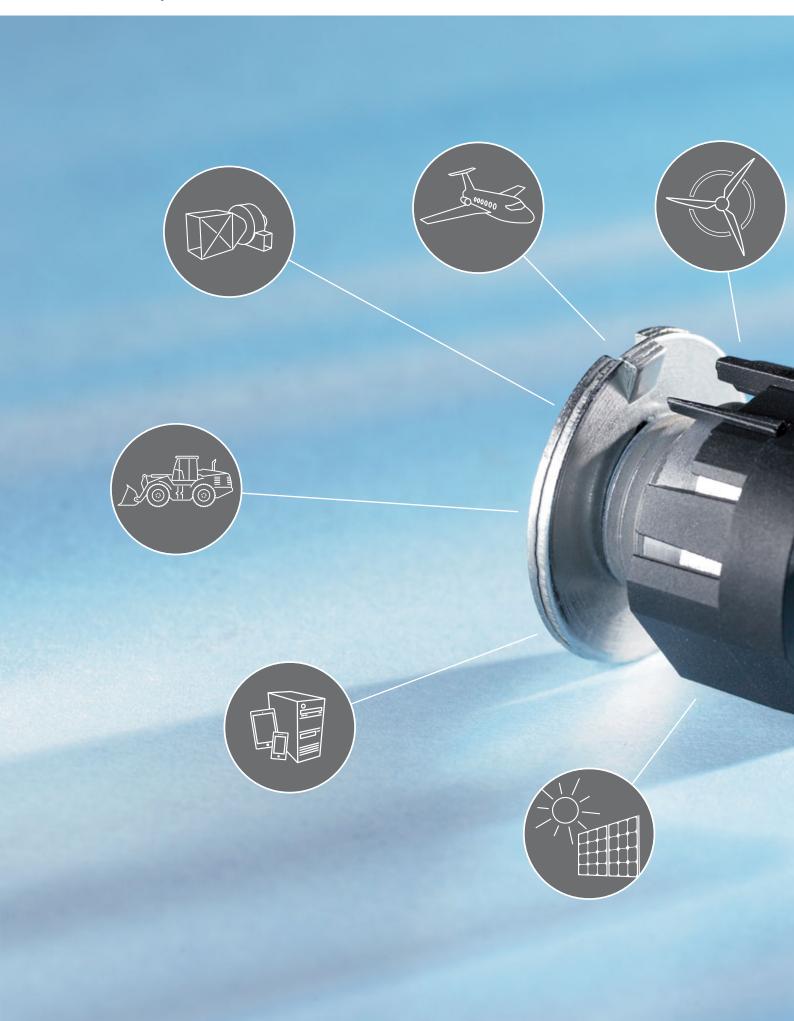
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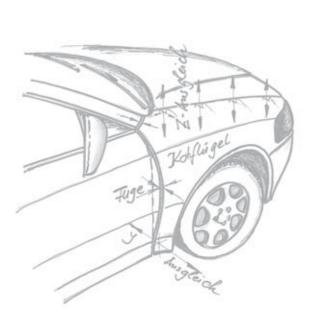
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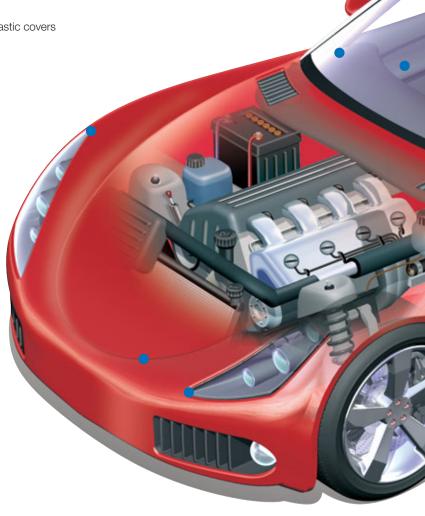
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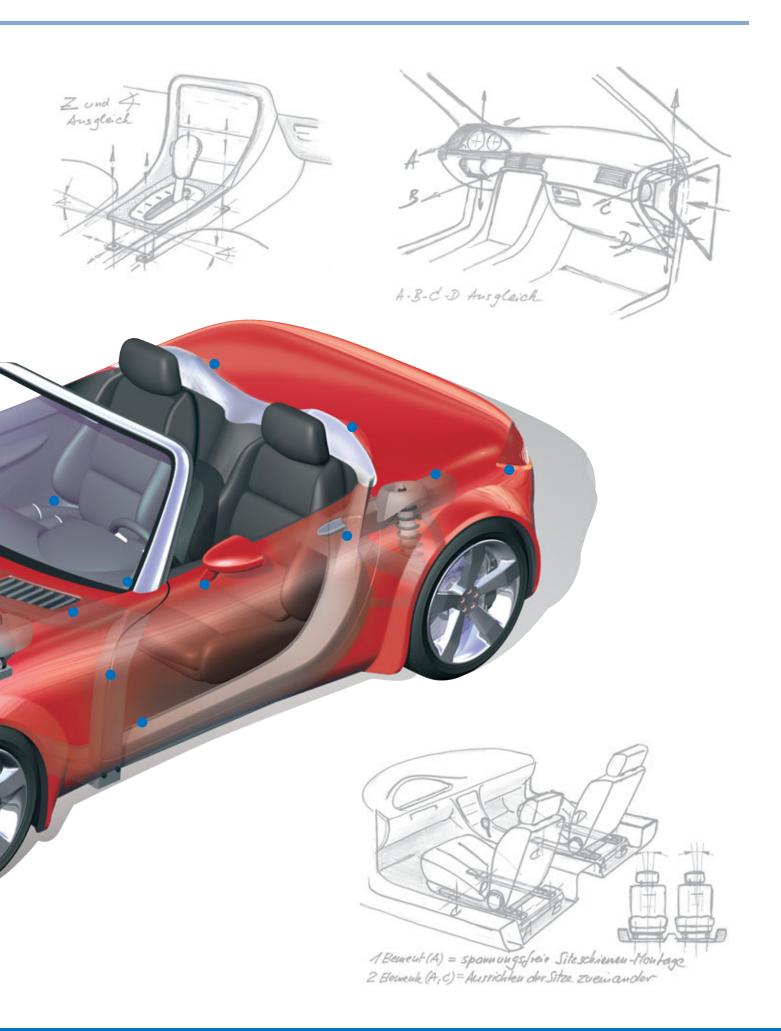




- Front-end-module fastenings (headlight installation)
- Flush installation of body components with controlled gap widths (between wing and door)
- Flush installation of fenders with alignment to adjacent body components
- Stress-free installation of seat rails with four-point mounting
- Door frames (integral members)
- Tension-free and correctly positioned installation of the dashboard
- Stress-free installation of the glass sliding roof
- Tolerance compensation for tail-light installation
- Precise installation of the gear changing unit
- Tolerance compensation of the door handle
- Fastening of roof rails
- Stress-free installation of large plastic covers









Component parts for rear light fastening

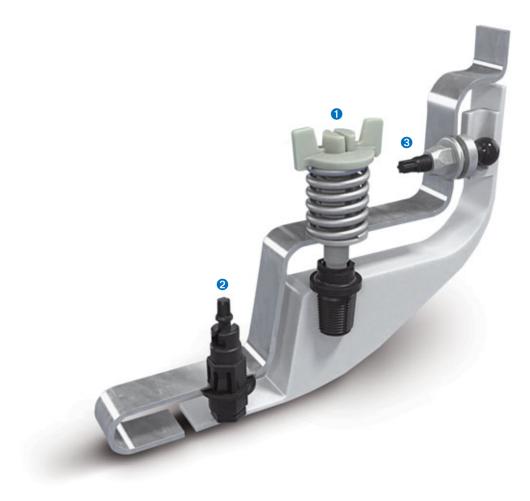
# Rear light fastening FLEXITOL® manual tolerance compensation

The spring unit ① serves to ensure that the rear light is always tightened to the body with a defined tensile load. A further point of contact of rear light and body is provided with an adjustable spacer ②.

Furthermore, the surface offset between rear light and body side wall is achieve by means of an adjustable guide 3. During installation, the rear light is screw fastened to the body from within the trunk using the spring-loaded unit.

After installation, an ideal gap width can be adjusted for the rear light. The spring compensates the alignment movement.

To be able to remove the rear light for servicing, the spring unit can be unscrewed and the original position is maintained.



Schematic representation of rear light fastening

# Fastening of roof rails FLEXITOL® manual and automatic tolerance compensation

When roof rails are assembled no high forces may be transmitted through into the thin sheet metal of the roof panel. The tolerance compensation system specially developed by Böllhoff transfers these high forces into the supporting sheet layers below.

Tolerances within the cantrail do not affect the gap width between roof rail and roof panel. There are a variety of systems available which can be pre-installed on the roof rail or into the body.



Manual tolerance compensation



Automatic tolerance compensation

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Böllhoff Group

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