

Swash-plate Type Axial Piston Pumps for Open Circuits in Industrial Vehicles



ON APPLICATION / USAGE OF THE PRODUCTS

Although our products are designed on the basis of our profound knowledge and long experience, and manufactured under the strict quality control system, the following must be taken into consideration in actual use.

- The operating conditions of the products shown in this catalog vary depending upon each application. Therefore, the decision of the products' suitability to the system considered must be made by the designer of the hydraulic system and/or the person in charge of determining the specification after making analysis and conducting tests, if necessary. The study of the specification shall be done based on the latest catalog and technical documents, and the system must be composed taking into account situations regarding the possibility of machine failure.
- Prior to use of the products, descriptions given in the SAFETY PRECAUTIONS must be observed for the proper use.
- The technical information in this catalog represents typical characteristics and performance of the products, and is not guaranteed one.
 - In case the products are used in the following conditions or environments, please consult us prior to the use.
 - ① Unspecified conditions or environments
 - ② Use for atomic power, aviation, medical treatment, and/or food ③ Use likely to affect human beings or assets significantly or requiring particular safety
- The information described in this catalog is subject to change without notice. For updated information, please consult our campany.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Before you use the product, you MUST read the operation or operators manual and MUST fully understand how to use the product.

To use the product safely, you MUST carefully read all Warnings and Cautions in this manual. You MUST also observe the related regulations and rules regarding safety.

■ Cautions related to operation



Use the safety equipment to avoid the injury when you operate the product.



Pay enough attention on handling method to avoid pinching hands or back problems that may be caused by heavy weight of the product or handling posture.



Do not step on the product, hit it, drop it or give strong outside force to it, as one of these actions may cause the failure of work, damage or oil leakage.



Wipe the oil on the product or floor off completely, as the oil creates slippery conditions that may result in dropping the product or injuring.

■ Warnings and Cautions related to installation and removal of the product

① ! CAUTION

Installation, removal, plumbing, and wiring must be done by the certified person.

*CERTIFIED PERSON: a person who has enough knowledge like a person who is trained by Kawasaki's hydraulic school.



Make it sure that the power of the hydraulic power unit is turned off and that the electric motor or engine has completely stopped before starting installation or removal. You must also check the system pressure has dropped to zero.



Turn off the power before starting wiring or other works related to the electric power, otherwise you may be stuck by an electric shock.



Clean the threads and mounting surface completely, otherwise you may experience damages or oil leakage caused by insufficient tightening torque or broken seal.



Use the specified bolts and keep the specified tightening torque when you install the product. Usage of unauthorized bolts, lack of torque or excess of torque may create problems such as failure of work, damage and oil leakage.

■Warnings and Cautions for operation



Never use the product not equipped with anti-explosion protection in the circumstances of possible explosion or combustion.



Shield the rotating part such as motor shaft and pump shaft to avoid injuries caused by being caught of fingers or cloths.



Stop the operation immediately if you find something wrong such as unusual noise, oil leakage or smoke, and fix it properly. If you continue operating, you may encounter damage, fire or injury.



Make it sure that plumbing and wiring are correct and all the connection is tightened correctly before you start operating, especially if it is the first run.



Use the product under the specification mentioned in the catalog, drawings and specification sheet.



Keep your body off the product during the operations as it may become hot and burn your body.



Use the proper hydraulic oil, and maintain the contamination in the recommended level, otherwise it may not work or be damaged.

■Cautions related to maintenance



Never modify the product without approval of Kawasaki.



Do not disassemble and assemble without approval by Kawasaki. It may cause troubles and failure, or it may not work as specified. If it is necessary by all means to disassemble and assemble, it must be done by an authorized person.



Keep the product from dust and rust by paying attention to the surrounding temperature and humidity when you transport or store the product.



Replacing the seals may be required if you use the product after long time storage.

Out of a Wide Variety of Our Swash Plate Type Axial Piston Pumps, We Introduce below Those Most Suitable for Construction Machines with Open Circuits.

KPM Swash Plate Type Axial Piston Pumps Programs for Industrial Vehicles

Displacement	Double pump (Tandem type)	Double pump (Parallel type)	Single pump
– 60 cm ³ – 80	•K3V63DT •K5V80DT •K5V80DTP		•K3V63S •K5V80S
- 110	•K3V112DT •K5V140DT •K5V140DTP	•K3V112DP •K5V140DP	•K3V112S •K5V140S
– 140	•K3V140DTP •K3V140DTP		•K3V140S
-200	•K5V200DT •K5V200DTP	•K5V200DP	•K5V200S
	•K5V200DTH	•K5V200DPH	•K5V200SH
- 280	•K3V280DTH		•K3V280S
			•K3V280SH

A Thorough Function Desigh Enabled Such Atractive Features

1. High Power Density

A lighter and more compact machine with higher pressure rating and increased power density (output power/mass) was obtained by adopting a half log type swash plate.

In particular, the double pump with its tandem arrangement, has eliminated a power divider, has an increased transmission efficiency, and is lighter.

2. High Efficiency and Large Self-Priming Capability

The spherical valve plate and improved hydraulic balance provide stable cylinder rotation, thus achieving high efficiency even in a low-pressure and low-speed operating range.

3. Long Life

A long life is obtained by adopting main bearings of large capacity and the piston-return mechanism that compensates for the wear of the shoe.

4. Low Noise

Even less noise has been achieved because of the optimum design of the valve plate and the casing rigidity.

5. Wide Range of Controls

The pump can be controlled in various kinds of control methods and is capable of responding to either mechanical, hydraulic or electrical input.

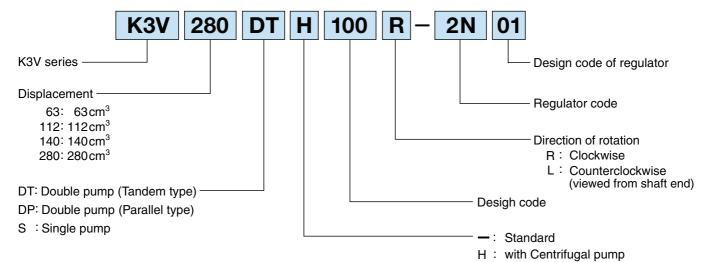


K3V/SERIES

The N series pump, which was used widely as a piston pump especially for construction machines, has been modified to the K3V series, meeting the present-day requirements. This pump has optimum function design and is provided with further improved power density, efficiency, and reliability, attained from our many years of experiences with the NV series.



ORDERING CODE



P: with PTO

SPECIFICATIONS

 $1MPa = 10.197 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$ $1N \cdot m = 0.10197 \text{ kgf} \cdot m$

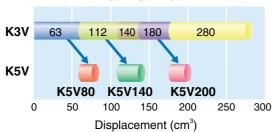
	JII IOAI IOINO			1N⋅m	= 0.10197kgf⋅m				
Size			63	112	140	280			
Displacem	nent (cr	n³)	63	112	140	280			
Pressure	*1 Rated			34.3					
(MPa)	Peak			39	9.2				
Speed	*2 Max. for self priming		2,650	2,360	2,150	1,600 *4 (2,000)			
(min ⁻¹)	*3 Max.		3,250	2,700	2,500	2,000			
Max. input	torque of tandem pump (N-	m)	343	588	1,120	1,950			
Max. input to	rque of attached gear pump with PTO (N-	12	125 294 —						
Mass	Single		48	68	86	140			
(kg)	Tandem		81	81 125 160 270					
	Туре		*5 Antiwear hydraulic fluid						
	Oil temperature range		-20~+95°C						
Hydraulic fluid	Oil viscosity range		10 ~ 1,000 mm²/S (cSt)						
	Filtration		Suction	on line	80 ~ 15	0 mesh			
	i iliauoii		Retur	n line	nominal 10 r	micron meter			

- *1.Pressure to which guarantee of performance, functions or service life is applied. Durability is unlimited (except for the bearing life).
- *2.At max. displacement. In case of engine driving, max. idling speed should be below this value. This suction pressure should be -0.01 MPa and above.
- *3. Suction pressure should be above 0.1 MPa.
- *4.Max. speed with centrifugal pump
- *5. When other kinds of fluid would be used, please consult with us.

5VSERIES

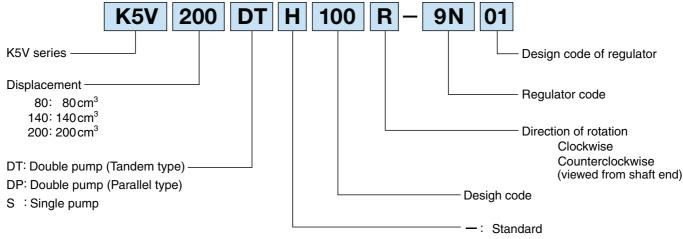
With new technology the K5V series has enabled increased power density.

Variation of pump displacement





ORDERING CODE



H: with Centrifugal pump

P: with PTO

SPECIFICATIONS

 $1MPa = 10.197 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$ $1N \cdot m = 0.10197 \text{ kgf} \cdot m$

				11N·111 = 0.10197 kgi·111		
Size		80	140	200		
Displacem	nent (cm³)	80	200			
Pressure	*1 Rated	34.3				
(MPa)	Peak		39.2			
Speed	*2 Max. for self priming	2,460	2,160	1,900 *4 (2,200)		
(min ⁻¹)	*3 Max.	3,000	2,500	2,200		
Max. input	torque of tandem pump (N·m)	529	843	1,120		
Max. input to	rque of attached gear pump with PTO (N·m)	12	294			
Mass	Single	48	68	86		
(kg)	Tandem	81	31 125 160			
	Туре	*5 Antiwear hydraulic fluid				
	Oil temperature range	-20~+95°C				
Hydraulic fluid	Oil viscosity range	10 ~ 1,000 mm²/S (cSt)				
	Filtration	Suction line	80 ~ 15	60 mesh		
	1 III auon	Return line	nominal 10 r	micron meter		

- *1. Pressure to which guarantee of performance, functions or service life is applied. Durability is unlimited (except for the bearing life).
- *2.At max. displacement. In case of engine driving, max. idling speed should be below this value. This suction pressure should be -0.0 1MPa and above.
- *3.Suction pressure should be above 0.1MPa.
- *4.Max. speed with centrifugal pump
- *5. When other kinds of fluid would be used, please consult with us.

SUMMARY OF REGULATORS

-K3V/K5V SERIES

Horsepower Control

Code	Code Control type	Control curve	Function & features
-	Constant horsepower control	o d	According to the rise of delivery pressuer of a pump, the tiling angle of the pump is automatically decreased, and the constant torque control is achieved.
N	Total horsepower control	P2: Companion pump pressure P2	1. According to the rise of delivery pressure of a pump, the titting angle of the pump is automatically decreased, and the constant torque control is achieved. (compensation control) 2. The total horsepower control can be achieved by decreasing the horsepower of a pump depending upon the pressure of its companion pump.

Function & reatures	According to the rise of delivery pressuer of a pump, the filting angle of the pump is automatically decreased, and the constant torque control is achieved.	1. According to the rise of delivery pressure of a pump, the tilting angle of the pump is automatically decreased, and the constant torque control is achieved. (compensation control) 2. The total horsepower control can be achieved by decreasing the horsepower of a pump depending upon the pressure of its companion pump.	If the pressure rises above the set value, the pump outlet flow is automatically decreased by the pressure cut-off control.	Variable horsepower control can be obtained by supplying pilot pressure or electric current.
Control curve	<u>a</u>	P2: Companion pump pressure P2	Pressure cut-off Horsepower control P Horsepower control P Total Norsepower control P Pressure cut-off P Pressure cut-off	a o
Control type	Constant horsepower control	Total horsepower control	High pressure cut-off	Variable horsepower control

2

9

6

• FIC	Flow Control		
Code	Code Control type	Control curve	Function & features
≥	Manual flow control	Q S Lever stroke	With the manual control, the outlet flow can be steplessly controlled.
۵	Positive flow control	O Pior Pierre	Positive flow control can be carried out by using the pilot pressure.
z	Negative flow control	g	Negative flow control can be carried out by using the pilot pressure.
ပ	2-stage max. flow control	u d t	Two-stage max, flow control can be obtained by supplying external pilot pressure. (only in negative flow control)
_	Load sensing control	P = PA - Pt. PA: Pump pressure P:: Load pressure	Load sensing control can be obtained.
ш	Electric flow control	O Electric current	With the electric current, the oulet flow can be controlled.

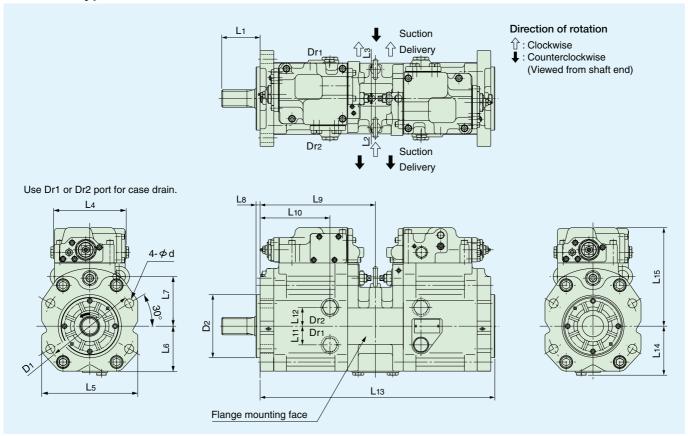
N6	Negative flow control + Total horsepower control + Variable horsepower control	PI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
2C	Negative flow control + Total horsepower control + Two-stage max. flow control	Pm · Fm ·
76	Load sensing control + Total horsepower control + Variable horsepower control	P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P
2N	Negative flow control + Total horsepower control	P ₁ · C · C · C · C · C · C · C · C · C ·
2P	Positive flow control + Total horsepower control	P ₁ :
09	Total horsepower control + High-pressure cut-off	P2
20	Total horsepower control	P ₂
10	Constant horsepower control	
Code No.	Control type	Circuit diagram

Flow cotrol and Horsepower control can be combined with each other. Examples of applied circuits are shown above.

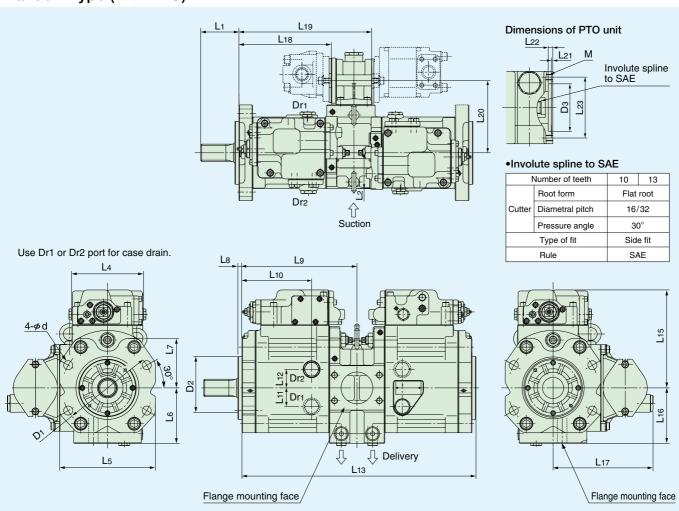
Please consult us about other kinds of control, if necessary.

DIMENSIONS

Tandem Type



• Tandem Type (with PTO)





Dimensions

Difficitor	0113																		(mm)
Size	D1	D ₂	Dз	d	L ₁	L2	Lз	L4	L ₅	L ₆	L ₇	L8	L9	L10	L11	L12	L13	L14	L15
K3V63	180	125	82.55	18	76	70	70	142	190	89	98	8	228	138	37	37	464	97	195
K3V112	224	160	82.55	22	78	80	80	142	234	100	110	8	265	167	41	41	538	109	220
K3V140	250	180	101.6	22	93	92	92	142	256	112	123	8	305	190	53	53	618	121	245
K3V280	300	200	_	26	115	150	125	142	300	127	140	8	356	203	70	70	792	150	286
K5V80	180	125	82.55	18	76	70	70	142	190	89	98	8	228	138	37	37	464	97	195
K5V140	224	160	82.55	22	78	80	80	142	234	100	110	8	265	167	41	41	538	109	220
K5V200	250	180	101.6	22	93	92	92	142	256	112	123	8	305	190	53	53	618	121	245

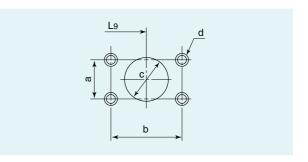
									(mm)
Size	L16	L17	L18	L19	L20	L21	L22	L23	M
K3V63	110	213	177	268	150	2.4	8	106	2-M10-25
K3V112	110	213	214	305	150	2.4	8	106	2-M10-25
K3V140	122	292	257	361	200	2.4	15	127	4-M12-22
K5V80	110	213	177	268	150	2.4	8	106	2-M10-25
K5V140	110	213	214	305	150	2.4	8	106	2-M10-25
K5V200	122	292	257	361	200	2.4	15	127	4-M12-22

• Dimensions of shaft end

Size Spec.	No. of teeth	Pitch circle dia (mm)	Pressure angle	Module	Rule
K3V63	14	29.6	30°	12/24	SAE
K3V112	14	35.0	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K3V140	17	42.5	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K3V280	18	54.0	20°	3.0	JIS B 1603
K5V80	12	30.0	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K5V140	17	42.5	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K5V200	17	42.5	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603

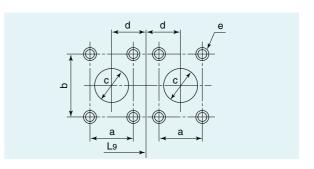
• Flange mounting face for Suction port (SAE Rule) (mm)

9	9			, (111111)
Size	a	b	С	d-Screw depth
K3V63	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M12-18
K3V112	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M12-18
K3V140	61.9	106.4	⊅ 76	M16–24
K3V280	69.8	120.7	Ø89	M16-24
K5V80	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M12-18
K5V140	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M12-18
K5V200	61.9	106.4	⊅ 76	M16–24



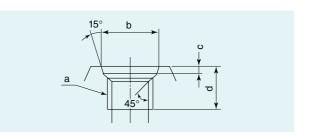
• Flange mounting face for Delivery port (SAE Rule) (mm)

3					/ (111111)
Size	a	b	С	d	e-Screw depth
K3V63	23.8	50.8	Ø 19	31.0	M10–16
K3V112	23.8	50.8	Ø 19	31.0	M10–16
K3V140	27.8	57.2	Ø 25	37.5	M12-22
K3V280	31.8	66.7	Ø 32	61.5	M12-20
K5V80	23.8	50.8	ø 19	31.0	M10–16
K5V140	23.8	50.8	ø 19	31.0	M10–16
K5V200	27.8	57.2	Ø 25	37.5	M12–22



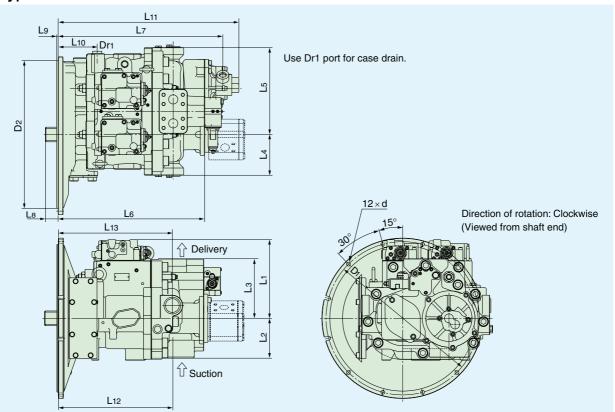
• Drain port (Rule: JIS B 2351)

●Drain port (Rule: JIS B 2351)								
Size	a	b	С	d				
K3V63	G 1/2	22.6	2.5	19				
K3V112	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	20				
K3V140	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	23				
K3V280	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	23				
K5V80	G 1/2	22.6	2.5	19				
K5V140	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	20				
K5V200	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	23				





Parallel Type



Dimensions

Difficusi	OHS															(mm)
Size	D1	D2	d	L1	L2	Lз	L4	L5	L6	L7	L8	L9	L10	L11	L12	L13
K3V112	429	410	11	235	113	163	111	256	428	493	34	5	148	522	391	385
K5V140	429	410	11	235	113	163	111	256	428	493	34	5	148	522	391	385
K5V200	530	511	14	272	138	206	141	301	507	570	34	5	135	625	400	398

Dimensions of shaft end

Size Spec.	No. of teeth	Pitch circle dia (mm)	Pressure angle	Module	Rule
K3V112	14	35.0	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K5V140	17	42.5	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K5V200	15	47.6	30°	8/16	ANSI

• Flange mounting face for Suction port (SAE Rule)

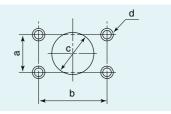
Size	a	b	С	d-Screw depth					
K3V112	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M12-18					
K5V140	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M12-18					
K5V200	69.9	120.7	Ø83	M16-24					

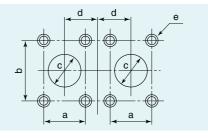
• Flange mounting face for Delivery port (SAE Rule) (mm)

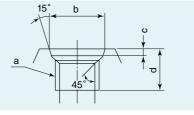
Size	а	b	С	d	e-Screw depth
K3V112	23.8	50.8	Ø 19	34.0	M10–16
K5V140	23.8	50.8	Ø 19	34.0	M10-16
K5V200	31.8	66.7	Ø 32	41.5	M12-22

• Drain port (Rule: JIS B 2351)

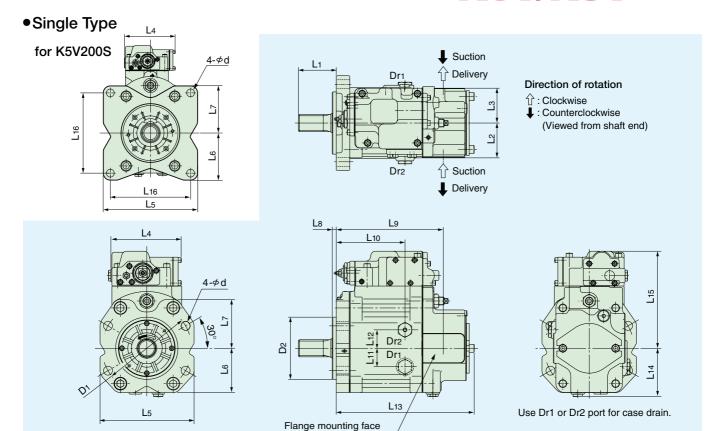
Size	a	b	С	d			
K3V112	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	20			
K5V140	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	20			
K5V200	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	23			











Dimensions (mm) Size D1 D2 d L1 Lз L4 L5 L6 L7 L8 L9 L10 L11 L12 L13 L14 L15 L16 L₂ K3V63 K3V112 K3V140 K3V280 K5V80 K5V140

Dimensions of shaft end

L9

K5V200

Size Spec.	No. of teeth	Pitch circle dia (mm)	Pressure angle	Module	Rule
K3V63	14	29.6	30°	12/24	SAE
K3V112	14	35.0	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K3V140	17	42.5	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K3V280	18	54.0	20°	3.0	JIS B 1603
K5V80	12	30.0	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K5V140	17	42.5	20°	2.5	JIS B 1603
K5V200	13	41.3	30°	8/16	SAE

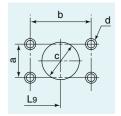
● Flange mounting face for Suction port (SAE Rule) (mm)

		(-						
Size	а	b	С	d-Screw depth				
K3V63	35.7	69.9	Ø38	M12-18				
K3V112	30.2	58.7	Ø 38	M12-18				
K3V140	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M12-18				
K3V280	69.9	120.7	Ø80	M12-20				
K5V80	35.7	69.9	Ø38	M12-18				
K5V140	50.8	88.9	Ø60	M12-18				
K5V200	61.9	106.4	Ø 76	M16-24				
• Drain port (Pulo: IIS B 2351)								

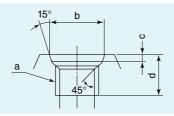
*	00.2	00.7	7 00			- ((+))			
V140	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M	12–18				
V280	69.9	120.7	Ø80	M	12-20				
V80	35.7	69.9	Ø38	M ²	12–18	' • •			
V140	50.8	88.9	Ø 60	M	12–18				
V200	61.9	106.4	Ø 76	M ²	16–24	r			
rain port (Rule: JIS B 2351) (mm)									
'Α	а		h l	C	А	45			

Flange mounting face for Delivery port (SAE Rule) (mm)

ioi Delivery Port (SAL Mule) (mm)									
Size	а	b	С	d-Screw depth					
K3V63	27.8	57.2	Ø 25	M12-16					
K3V112	23.8	50.8	Ø 19	M10-16					
K3V140	31.8	66.7	Ø32	M12-18					
K3V280	31.8	66.7	Ø32	M12-20					
K5V80	27.8	57.2	Ø25	M12-16					
K5V140	31.8	66.7	Ø32	M12-18					
K5V200	36.5	79.4	Ø38	M16-24					



Train port (Rule: JIS & 2331) (mm)									
Size	а	b	С	d					
K3V63	G 1/2	22.6	2.5	19					
K3V112	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	20					
K3V140	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	23					
K3V280	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	23					
K5V80	G 1/2	22.6	2.5	19					
K5V140	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	20					
K5V200	G 3/4	30.8	3.5	23					

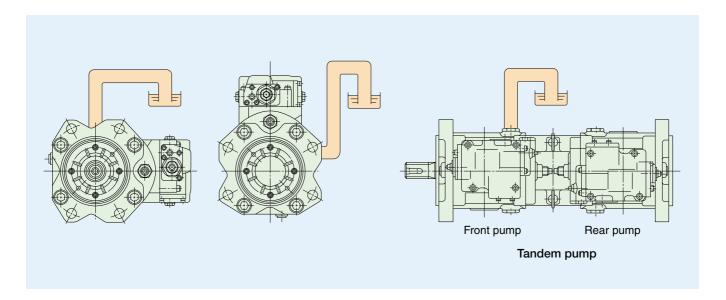


CAUTION FOR INSTRUCTION



Mounting Direction and Drain Piping

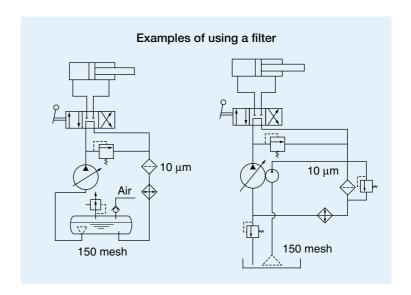
- The pump shaft should be mounted in the horizontal direction as shown in the figure below.
- The drain line loop must be extended above the top of the pump case.
- The upper drain port should be used, and the drain pipe size must be equal to or larger than the drain port size.
- In case of the pumps with centrifugal pump, the drain lines must be settled on each pump.



2

Filtration

- For satisfactory service life of these pumps in application, the operating fluid should be continuously fiitered to keep at least the cleanliness level of NAS 1638 Class 9.
- \bullet A 10 μ m filter must be used in the return line and a 80 \sim 150 mesh strainer in the suction lines.



3

Connection of Driving Shaft

- Please use a flexible coupling for connection of the pump drive shaft with an engine flywheel or an electric motor shaft.
- Alignment should be so carried out that the parallel error may be held with in ± 0.03 mm.
- Do not put a radial or thrust load at the shaft end.

4

Starting

 Before starting-up, fill the pump case with system fluid through the case drain connection. Case must remain full of fluid to provide internal lubrication.

5

Case Drain pressure

- Please be careful so that the drain pressure in the casing does not exceed 0.1 MPa normally and 0.4 MPa at its peak.
- A suitable size of drain hose and drain filter should be selected.

